

## Unit 2 Vocabulary

1. Geography	The study of people and the environment and the way the two interact
2. Latitude	Measures North and South of the Equator
3. Longitude	Measures East and West of the Prime Meridian
4. Interdependence	The dependence of two or more people or cultures on each other.
5. Culture	The customs, arts, social institutions, and achievements of a particular nation, people, or other social group.
6. Archeologist	Scientist who studies human history and prehistory through the excavation of sites and the analysis of artifacts and other physical remains.
7. Anthropologist	Scientist that deals with the description, distribution, and interaction of the diverse physical and cultural features of the earth's surface.
8. Subsistence agriculture	Self-sufficient <b>farming</b> in which the <b>farmers</b> grows enough food to feed themselves and their families.

9. Infant Mortality	The <b>infant mortality rate</b> is the number of <b>infant deaths</b> for every 1,000 live births
10. Gross National Product (GNP)	the total value of goods produced and services provided by a country during one year
11. Ethnocentrism	The belief that one's culture is superior to another
12. Social System	A culture's organization of families, lineage, classes/status, role of women and men, customs, traditions, values, religion, art and music.
13. Economic System	A system of producing and distributing goods and services
14. Capitalism	Free enterprise. An economic and political system in which a country's trade and industry are controlled by private owners for profit, rather than by the state
15. Communism	Command Economy. A society in which all property is publicly owned and each person works and is paid according to their abilities and needs.
16. Political System	Structure and organization of government